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APPLICATION N	0.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/667,628		09/22/2003	Mats A. Brenner	Honeywell No. H0004494	1190
128	759	02/28/2005		EXAM	INER
		INTERNATIONA	MULL, FRED H		
101 COLU		A ROAD	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		r <i>b</i> )					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/667,628	BRENNER, MATS A.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Fred H. Mull	3662					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 J	anuary 200 <u>5</u> .						
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This	s action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) <u>1-8,10-18 and 20-22</u> is/are pending in	n the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,10-18 and 20-22</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	•						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	epted or b) objected to by the I	Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive	on No					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	` ''	ed.					
Attachment(s)  1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Summary	(PTO 412)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		atent Application (PTO-152)					

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Specification

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

On p. 6, line 18, "LAASsystem" should be --LAAS system--.

Appropriate correction is required.

### Claim Objections

3. Claim(s) 3 is/are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75. The claim(s) recites the limitations " the value  $P_w$ " and "the value  $P_n$ " in lines 2 and 4, respectively. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Application/Control Number: 10/667,628 Page 3

Art Unit: 3662

4. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Legrand.

Legrand discloses:

receiving at least one global positioning satellite radio signal (p. 1, Introduction,  $1^{st}$  ¶);

determining a signal noise ratio of the satellite radio signal and calculating from the signal-to-noise ratio a low power error contribution (p. 2, Model of Digital Tracking Loops, 1<sup>st</sup> ¶; p. 4, Total Tracking Error, 1<sup>st</sup> ¶);

in calculating a total error based at least in part on the low power condition error contribution (p. 4, ¶ including equations 26 and 27).

5. Claims 20-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Parkinson.

In regard to claim 20, Parkinson discloses:

a wide band power estimator operative to measure an average wide band power (p. 390, last ¶; p. 391, equation 104);

a narrow band power estimator operative to measure an average narrow band power (p. 390, last ¶; p. 391, equation 105);

a signal-to-noise ratio module operative to calculate a signal-to-noise ratio from the estimated wide band power and the estimated narrow band power (p. 391, equation 106); and

a low-power error module operative to calculate, from the signal-to-noise ratio, an error contribution attributable to a low-power condition (p. 392, 1<sup>st</sup> ¶).

In regard to claim 21, Parkinson further discloses:

the signal-to-noise ratio module further comprises confidence limit logic operative to determine a lower confidence limit and wherein the signal-to-noise ratio calculated by the signal-to-noise ratio logic is the lower confidence limit (p. 392, sentence following equation 116).

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 2-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Legrand, as applied to claim 1, in further view of Parkinson.

In regard to claim 2, Legrand discloses the use of GPS signal to noise ratio (p. 2, Model of Digital Tracking Loops, 1<sup>st</sup> ¶), but does not disclose the details of how it is calculated.

Parkinson discloses the details of measuring the GPS signal to noise ratio. Specifically, Parkinson discloses:

measuring a wide band power of the satellite radio signal over a first time period and a narrow band power of the satellite radio signal over a second time period (p. 390, last ¶);

calculating an estimated signal-to-noise ratio based on the narrow band power and the wide band power (p. 391, equation 106).

It would have been obvious to use the known method of calculation signal to noise ratio of Parkinson in order to calculate signal to noise ratio in Legrand.

In regard to claim 3, Parkinson further discloses a wide band power includes averaging the wide band power ever the first time period to obtain a value  $P_w$  and wherein measuring a narrow band power includes averaging the narrow band power over the second time period to obtain the a  $P_n$  (p. 391, equations 104 and 105).

In regard to claim 4, Parkinson further discloses the first time period has a length T, the second time period has a length that is M times as long as T, and the signal-to-noise ratio is calculated according to the given equation (p. 390, last  $\P$ ; p. 392, equation 117, where the  $\mu_{NP}$  term is equivalent to  $P_n/P_w$ , and thus the equation is equivalent to the given equation).

In regard to claims 5-8, Parkinson further discloses calculating a lower confidence limit (p. 392, sentence following equation 116).

7. Claims 10-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Legrand, as applied to claim 1, and in further view of either one of Loh and Braff.

Legrand discloses minimizing total error, but fails to disclose issuing an alert if the total error exceeds an alert limit.

Loh (col. 8, lines 24-34) and Braff (Figs. 2 and 4) each disclose issuing an alert if the total error exceeds an alert limit.

Page 6

It would have been obvious to include an alert for the situations where the error minimizing procedure of Legrand fails to minimize the error enough for the resulting measurement to be accurate enough for a user to have confidence in it, particularly when it will be used for landing systems, where human safety is involved.

8. Claims 12-18 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Legrand and Parkinson, as applied to claims 2-8, and in further view of either one of Loh and Braff.

Legrand discloses minimizing total error, but fails to disclose issuing an alert if the total error exceeds an alert limit.

Loh (col. 8, lines 24-34) and Braff (Figs. 2 and 4) each disclose issuing an alert if the total error exceeds an alert limit.

It would have been obvious to include an alert for the situations where the error minimizing procedure of Legrand fails to minimize the error enough for the resulting measurement to be accurate enough for a user to have confidence in it, particularly when it will be used for landing systems, where human safety is involved.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Fred H. Mull whose telephone number is 703-305-1250. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00 - 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas H. Tarcza can be reached on 703-360-4171. The fax phone

Application/Control Number: 10/667,628 Page 7

Art Unit: 3662

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Effective approximately April 2005, the following new telephone numbers will be in effect: Fred H. Mull: 571-272-6975, Thomas H. Tarcza: 571-272-6979.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Fred H. Mull Examiner Art Unit 3662

fhm

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